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# European Technical Assessment

# ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020

General part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik (OIB) Austrian Institute of Construction Engineering

SPIDER Connector and PILLAR Connector

Three dimensional nailing plate

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Manufacturing plant T3 Manufacturing plant SP1 Manufacturing plant SP2

98 pages including 5 Annexes which form an integral part of this assessment.

ETAG 015 "Three-dimensional nailing plates", Edition November 2012, used as European Assessment Document acc. to Article 66 (3) of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011.



# Remarks

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#### Specific parts

#### 1 Technical description of the product

#### 1.1 General

This European Technical Assessment (ETA) applies to the three dimensional nailing plates **SPIDER Connector** and **PILLAR Connector**.

The **SPIDER Connector** consists of a bottom plate acting as support connected to a steel cylinder for load transfer, a coupling cone and a coupling disk connected to six arms with inclined washers as well as a top plate and a spread plate, if necessary. The connection between coupling disk and steel cylinder is provided by a countersunk screw whereas the connection between coupling disk and the top plate is provided by four bolts. Installation of the six arms into the cross laminated timber element is carried out with eight inclined screws per arm. Vertical screws are used to connect the bottom plate and the top plate to the columns as well as for additional reinforcement of the cross laminated timber members.

The **PILLAR Connector** consists of a bottom plate acting as support connected to a steel cylinder for load transfer, a coupling disk, a fixing plate as well as a top plate and a spread plate, if necessary. The connection between coupling disk and steel cylinder is provided by a countersunk screw whereas the connection between coupling disk and the top plate is provided by four bolts. Vertical screws are used to connect the bottom plate and the top plate to the columns and the fixing plate to the cross laminated timber as well as for additional reinforcement of the cross laminated timber members.

Installation of the bottom plate and the top plate to the columns made of steel or concrete is carried out with suitable anchors / screws.



The Connectors may be provided with an acoustic profile in combination with a spread plate. The acoustic profile does not contribute to the structural characteristics of the Connectors.

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The Connectors correspond to the specifications given in the Annexes 1, 2 and 4. The material characteristics, dimensions and tolerances of the Connectors, not indicated in these Annexes, are given in the technical file<sup>1</sup> of the European Technical Assessment.

## 1.2 Components

1.2.1 Top plate, bottom plate and steel cylinder

The top plate and the bottom plate are produced of steel grade S235J0/S355J0 according to EN 10025-2<sup>2</sup>, steel grade S460Q/S690Q according to EN 10025-6 or material no. 1.6582/1.7225 according to EN ISO 683-2 and galvanized according to EN ISO 2081 at the end of production. The minimum thickness of the coating is 12  $\mu$ m.

The shape of the top plate and the bottom plate is either rectangular or circular. Both shapes are produced in three different thicknesses (20, 30 and 40 mm) with three different dimensions (200, 240 and 280 mm), leading to 18 different sizes:

- → "20020R", "24020R" and "28020R"
- → "20020C", "24020C" and "28020C"
- → "20030R", "24030R" and "28030R"
- $\rightarrow$  "20030C", "24030C" and "28030C"
- → "20040R", "24040R" and "28040R"
- → "20040C", "24040C" and "28040C"

The bottom plate is welded with the steel cylinder.

The steel cylinder is produced of steel grade S235J0/S355J0 according to EN 10025-2, steel grade S460Q/S690Q according to EN 10025-6 or material no. 1.6582/1.7225 according to EN ISO 683-2 and galvanized according to EN ISO 2081 at the end of production. The minimum thickness of the coating is 12  $\mu$ m.

The steel cylinder is provided with outer thread according to ISO 2904 for the coupling cone as well as an inner thread for the countersunk screw on the top. The steel cylinder is produced in four different diameters (60, 80, 100 and 120 mm) with a length depending on the nominal thickness of the CLT panel. The correlations between the length of the steel cylinder H and the thickness of the CLT panel  $t_{CLT}$  are given in the Annex 2.

The steel cylinder for the PILLAR Connector may be produced without the outer thread.

The top plate, the bottom plate and the steel cylinder together with their most important dimensions are shown in Annex 2.

#### 1.2.2 Coupling cone

The coupling cone is produced of steel grade S355JR according to EN 10025-2 or equivalent or better and galvanized according to EN ISO 2081 at the end of production. The minimum thickness of the coating is 12  $\mu$ m.

The coupling cone is produced in four different nominal inner thread diameters (60, 80, 100 and 120 mm):

 $\rightarrow$  "60", "80", "100" and "120"

The coupling cone together with its most important dimensions is shown in Annex 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The technical file of the European Technical Assessment is deposited at Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik and, in so far as is relevant to the tasks of the notified factory production control certification body involved in the assessment and verification of constancy of performance procedure, is handed over to the notified factory production control certification body. <sup>2</sup> Reference documents are listed in Annex 5.



## 1.2.3 Arms and inclined washers

The arms are produced of steel grade S355JR according to EN 10025-2 or steel grade S460Q according to EN 10025-6 or equivalent or better and galvanized according to EN ISO 2081 at the end of production. The minimum thickness of the coating is 12  $\mu$ m.

The arms are produced in two different lengths "short" (341 mm) and "long" (366 mm):

 $\rightarrow$  "long" for steel cylinder of diameter 60 and 80 mm

ightarrow "short" for steel cylinder of diameter 100 and 120 mm

The inclined washers are produced of steel grade S235JR according to EN 10025-2 or equivalent or better and galvanized according to EN ISO 2081 at the end of production. The minimum thickness of the coating is 12  $\mu$ m. They are welded with the arms; no load-bearing function is assigned to the welds.

The arms and inclined washers together with their most important dimensions are shown in Annex 2.

# 1.2.4 Coupling disk

The coupling disk is produced of steel grade S235JR/S355JR according to EN 10025-2, steel grade S460Q/S690Q according to EN 10025-6 or material no. 1.6582/1.7225 according to EN ISO 683-2 or equivalent or better and galvanized according to EN ISO 2081 at the end of production. The minimum thickness of the coating is 12  $\mu$ m.

The coupling disk is produced in two different widths "small" (230 mm) and "large" (280 mm):

- ightarrow "small" for steel cylinder of diameter 60 and 80 mm
- ightarrow "large" for steel cylinder of diameter 100 and 120 mm

The reduced coupling disk for the **PILLAR Connector** is produced of steel grade S235JR/S355JR according to EN 10025-2, steel grade S460Q/S690Q according to EN 10025-6 or material no. 1.6582/1.7225 according to EN ISO 683-2 and galvanized according to EN ISO 2081 at the end of production. The minimum thickness of the coating is 12  $\mu$ m.

The coupling disk together with its most important dimensions is shown in Annex 2.

# 1.2.5 Countersunk screw

The countersunk screw used for connection of the coupling disk to the steel cylinder are described in Annex 1. The standard countersunk screws of M16 (for steel cylinder Ø60 and 80 mm) and M20 (for steel cylinder Ø100 and 120 mm) strength class 8.8 or better are produced according to EN ISO 10642.

# 1.3 Additional components for connection

1.3.1 Bolts

The bolts used for connection of the coupling disk to the top plate are described in Annex 1. The standard bolts of M12 strength class 8.8 are produced according to EN 15048.

#### 1.3.2 Fully threaded VGS screws

The VGS screws for installation of the six arms into the cross laminated timber element, for the connection of the bottom plate and the top plate to the columns as well as for additional reinforcement are described in Annex 1. They are CE-marked according to ETA-11/0030.

Screw diameter is 9 mm for the inclined screws and for the vertical screws of additional reinforcement. Screw diameter is 11 mm for the vertical screws for installation of the bottom and top plate to the columns. They are made of carbon steel.

The diameter of the fixing screws used in the **PILLAR Connector** is 8 mm.

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## 1.3.3 Spread plate

The spread plate is produced of steel grade S235JR according to EN 10025-2 or equivalent or better and galvanized according to EN ISO 2081 at the end of production. The minimum thickness of the coating is 12  $\mu$ m.

The shape of the spread plate is either rectangular or circular. Both shapes are produced in four different nominal inner diameters (60, 80, 100 and 120 mm) with three different outer dimensions (200, 240 and 280 mm), leading to 20 different sizes:

- → "20060R", "24060R" and "28060R"
- → "20060C", "24060C" and "28060C"
- → "20080R", "24080R" and "28080R"
- → "20080C", "24080C" and "28080C"
- → "240100R" and "280100R"
- → "240100C" and "280100C"
- → "240120R" and "280120R"
- → "240120C" and "280120C"

The spread plate together with its most important dimensions is shown in Annex 2.

#### 1.3.4 Fixing plate

The fixing plate for the **PILLAR Connector** is produced of steel grade S235JR according to EN 10025-2 or equivalent or better and galvanized according to EN ISO 2081 at the end of production. The minimum thickness of the coating is 12  $\mu$ m.

The fixing plate is produced with four different nominal inner hole diameters (60, 80, 100 and 120 mm).

The fixing plate together with its most important dimensions is shown in Annex 2.

# 2 Specification of the intended use(s) in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document

# 2.1 Intended use

The three dimensional nailing plates are intended to be used in load bearing connections between timber, steel or concrete columns and cross laminated timber floors.

For the timber columns the following wood-based members are used:

- Solid timber of softwood of strength class C24 or better according to EN 338 and EN 14081-1,
- Glued laminated timber and glued solid timber of softwood of strength class GL24c or better according to EN 14080,
- Laminated veneer lumber LVL according to EN 14374 or according to European Technical Assessments or national provisions that apply on the installation site,
- Strand lumber (e.g. Laminated Strand Lumber Intrallam, Parallalel Strand Lumber Parallam) according to European Technical Assessments or national provisions that apply on the installation site.

The nominal width of the timber columns shall be greater than the dimensions of the top plate and the bottom plate. The timber columns shall have plane surfaces against the Connector.

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For the cross laminated timber floors the following applies:

- **SPIDER Connector:** Cross laminated timber floors of softwood according to European Technical Assessments or national provisions that apply on the installation site. Min. strength class of lamellae is C24/T14 according to EN 338 and maximum thickness of lamellae is 40 mm. The minimum thickness of the cross laminated timber is 160 mm. The nominal thickness of the cross laminated timber is 160 mm. The stiffness characteristics according to Table 1 apply.

Characteristic	160 mm ≤ h <sub>total</sub> < 200 mm h <sub>total</sub> ≥ 200 mm	
El <sub>x</sub> / El <sub>y</sub>	0.68 – 1.46	0.84 – 1.19
GA <sub>z,x</sub> / GA <sub>z,y</sub>	0.71 – 1.40	0.76 – 1.31
Min(El <sub>x</sub> , El <sub>y</sub> )	1525 kNm²/m	3344 kNm²/m
Max(El <sub>x</sub> , El <sub>y</sub> )	2229 kN/m²/m	3989 kNm²/m
Min(GA <sub>z,x</sub> , GA <sub>z,y</sub> )	11945 kN/m	17708 kN/m
Max(GA <sub>z,x</sub> , GA <sub>z,y</sub> )	16769 kN/m	23261 kN/m
Thickness t <sub>l</sub> of lamellae	≤ 40 mm	
Ratio width to thickness b/t	≥ 3.5	
El <sub>x</sub> , El <sub>y</sub>	Bending stiffness for x- and y-direction of the cross-laminated timber element for an one-meter-stripe	
GA <sub>z,x</sub> , GA <sub>z,y</sub>	Shear stiffness for x- and y-direction of the cross-laminated element timber cross section for an one-meter-stripe	
x	Direction parallel to the orientation of the upper lamellas	
V	Direction perpendicular to the orientation of the upper lamellas	

Table 1: Stiffne	ess characteristics	of cross-laminated	timber elements

**PILLAR Connector:** Cross laminated timber floors of softwood according to European Technical Assessments or national provisions that apply on the installation site. Min. strength class of lamellae is C24/T14 according to EN 338 and maximum thickness of lamellae is 40 mm. The minimum thickness of the cross laminated timber is 160 mm. The nominal thickness of the cross laminated timber of the steel cylinder.

The typical installation of the three dimensional nailing plates is shown in Annex 2.

The three dimensional nailing plates shall be subjected to static and quasi static actions only.

The three dimensional nailing plates are intended to be used in service classes 1 and 2 according to EN 1995-1-1.



## 2.2 General assumptions

The Connector is manufactured in accordance with the provisions of the European Technical Assessment using the manufacturing process as identified in the inspection of the manufacturing plant by Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik and laid down in the technical file.

The manufacturer shall ensure that the requirements in accordance with the Clauses 1, 2 and 3 as well as with the Annexes of the European Technical Assessment are made known to those who are concerned with design and execution of the works.

#### <u>Design</u>

The European Technical Assessment only applies to the manufacture and use of the Connector. Verification of stability of the works including application of loads on the product is not subject to the European Technical Assessment.

The following conditions shall be observed:

- Design of connections with the three dimensional nailing plates is carried out under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in timber structures.
- Design of the works shall account for the protection of the connections to maintain service class 1 or 2 according to EN 1995-1-1.
- The three dimensional nailing plates are installed correctly.
- It shall be checked in accordance with EN 1995-1-1 that splitting will not occur.

Design of connections with the three dimensional nailing plates may be according to EN 1995-1-1 and EN 1995-1-2 taking into account the Annexes of the European Technical Assessment. Standards and regulations in force at the place of use shall be considered.

Design of connections with the three dimensional nailing plates in wood to concrete or steel connections in accordance with Eurocode 2, 3, or 5 and Annex 4.

#### Packaging, transport, storage, maintenance, replacement and repair

Concerning product packaging, transport, storage, maintenance, replacement and repair it is the responsibility of the manufacturer to undertake the appropriate measures and to advise his clients on the transport, storage, maintenance, replacement and repair of the product as he considers necessary.

#### Installation

It is assumed that the product will be installed according to the manufacturer's instructions or (in absence of such instructions) according to the usual practice of the building professionals.

The three dimensional nailing plates shall be installed as specified in Annex 2.

The structural members which are connected with the Connector shall be

- Of strength class as specified in Clause 2.1;
- Free from wane under the three dimensional nailing plates;
- The timber members shall have plane surfaces against the three dimensional nailing plates;
- Minimum spacing and edge distances are to be considered.

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# 2.3 Working life/Durability

The provisions made in the European Technical Assessment (ETA) are based on an assumed intended working life of the SPIDER Connector / PILLAR Connector of 50 years, when installed in the works, provided that the product is subject to appropriate installation, use and maintenance (see Clause 2.2). These provisions are based upon the current state of the art and the available knowledge and experience<sup>3</sup>.

The indications given as to the working life of the construction product cannot be interpreted as a guarantee neither given by the product manufacturer or his representative nor by EOTA nor by the Technical Assessment Body, but are regarded only as a means for choosing the appropriate products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

# 3 Performance of the product and reference to the methods used for its assessment

# 3.1 Essential characteristics of the product

#### Table 2: Essential characteristics of the product and product performance

N⁰	Essential characteristic	Product performance	
	Basic requirement for construction works 1: Mechanical resistance and stability <sup>1)</sup>		
1	Characteristic load bearing capacity	3.1.1	
2	Stiffness	No performance assessed.	
3	Ductility in cyclic testing	No performance assessed.	
	Basic Requirement 2: Safety	in case of fire	
4	4 Reaction to fire 3.1.2		
5	5 Resistance to fire No performance assessed.		
	Basic requirement for construction works 3: Hygiene, health and the environment		
6	Content, emission and/or release of dangerous 3.1.3 Substances		
	Basic requirement for construction works 4: Safety and accessibility in use		
7	7 Same as basic requirement for construction works 1		
	Basic requirement for construction works 5: Protection against noise		
-	<ul> <li>Not relevant. No characteristic assessed.</li> </ul>		
	Basic requirement for construction works 6: Energy economy and heat retention		
-	<ul> <li>Not relevant. No characteristic assessed.</li> </ul>		
	Basic requirement for construction works 7: Sustainable use of natural resources		
_	– No characteristic assessed.		

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The real working life of a product incorporated in a specific works depends on the environmental conditions to which that works is subject, as well as on the particular conditions of the design, execution, use and maintenance of that works. Therefore, it cannot be excluded that in certain cases the real working life of the product can also be shorter than the assumed working life.



Nº	Essential characteristic	Product performance	
	General aspects		
8	Resistance to corrosion and deterioration	3.1.4	
9	9 Dimensional stability 3.1.5		
<sup>1)</sup> These characteristics also relate to basic requirement for construction works 4.			

#### 3.1.1 Characteristic load bearing capacity

The characteristic load bearing capacities of the connectors are determined by calculation assisted by testing. The connectors are installed with a defined number of screws with respective nominal diameter as specified in Annex 1 and Annex 2.

The values of the characteristic load bearing capacities are given in Annex 4.

Installation of the bottom plate and the top plate to the columns made of steel or concrete is carried out with suitable anchors / screws.

#### 3.1.2 Reaction to fire

The three dimensional nailing plates and the screws and bolts are made of steel, all classified as Euroclass A1 in accordance with Commission Decision 96/603/EC as amended.

#### 3.1.3 Content, emission and/or release of dangerous substances

The release of dangerous substances is determined according to ETAG 015. No dangerous substances is the performance of the product in this respect.

NOTE In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in the European Technical Assessment, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Regulation, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

#### 3.1.4 Resistance to corrosion and deterioration

The product is intended to be used in service classes 1 and 2 according to EN 1995-1-1. The product and each member of the connection should at least be suitable for service classes 1 and 2, but not for service class 1 only.

In accordance with ETAG 015 and EN 1995-1-1 the connectors and the screws and bolts are made of hardened carbon steel and zinc coated.

#### 3.1.5 Dimensional stability

The effects of dimensional changes on the structural timber members being jointed due to varying moisture content was considered by the determination of the characteristic load bearing capacity of the joints. Moisture content during service shall not change to such an extent that adverse deformation will occur. The conditions of Clause 2.2 shall be observed.



# 3.2 Assessment methods

#### 3.2.1 General

The assessment of the essential characteristics in Clause 3.1 of the Connector the intended use, and in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability, for safety in case of fire, for hygiene, health and the environment and for safety and accessibility in use in the sense of the basic requirements for construction works № 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Regulation (EU) № 305/2011 has been made in accordance with Guideline for European Technical Approval ETAG № 015 "Three-dimensional nailing plates", edition November 2012, used as European Assessment Document.

## 3.2.2 Identification

The European Technical Assessment for the connectors is issued on the basis of agreed data that identify the assessed product. Changes to materials, to composition, to characteristics of the product, or to the production process could result in these deposited data being incorrect. Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik should be notified before the changes are implemented, as an amendment of the European Technical Assessment is possibly necessary.

# 4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (thereafter AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

# 4.1 System of assessment and verification of constancy of performance

According to Commission Decision 97/638/EC the system of assessment and verification of constancy of performance to be applied to the SPIDER Connector / PILLAR Connector is System 2+. System 2+ is detailed in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) № 568/2014 of 18 February 2014, Annex, 1.3, and provides for the following items

- (a) The manufacturer shall carry out:
  - (i) an assessment of the performance of the construction product carried out on the basis of testing (including sampling), calculation, tabulated values or descriptive documentation of that product;
  - (ii) factory production control;
  - (iii) testing of samples taken at the manufacturing plant by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed test plan<sup>4</sup>.
- (b) The notified factory production control certification body shall decide on the issuing, restriction, suspension or withdrawal of the certificate of conformity of the factory production control on the basis of the outcome of the following assessments and verifications carried out by that body:
  - (i) initial inspection of the manufacturing plant and of factory production control;
  - (ii) continuing surveillance, assessment and evaluation of factory production control.

# 4.2 AVCP for construction products for which a European Technical Assessment has been issued

Manufacturers undertaking tasks under Systems 2+ shall consider the European Technical Assessment issued for the construction product in question as the assessment of the performance of that product. Manufacturers shall therefore not undertake the tasks referred to in point 4.1 (a)(i).

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The prescribed test plan has been deposited with Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik and is handed over only to the notified factory production control certification body involved in the procedure for the assessment and verification of constancy of performance. The prescribed test plan is also referred to as control plan.



# 5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

# 5.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

5.1.1 Factory production control

In the manufacturing plant the manufacturer shall establish and continuously maintain a factory production control. All procedures and specification adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner. The factory production control shall ensure the constancy of performances of the product with regard to the essential characteristics.

The manufacturer shall only use raw materials supplied with the relevant inspection documents as laid down in the control plan. The incoming raw materials shall be subject to controls by the manufacturer before acceptance. Check of incoming materials shall include control of inspection documents presented by the manufacturer of the raw materials.

The frequencies of controls and tests conducted during manufacturing and on the assembled product are defined by taking account of the manufacturing process of the product and are laid down in the control plan.

The results of factory production control are recorded and evaluated. The records include at least the following data:

- Designation of the product, basic materials and components
- Type of control or test
- Date of manufacture of the product and date of testing of the product or basic materials or components
- Results of controls and tests and, if appropriate, comparison with requirements
- Name and signature of person responsible for factory production control

The records shall be presented to the notified factory production control certification body involved in continuous surveillance. On request the records shall be presented to Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik.

5.1.2 Declaration of performance

The manufacturer is responsible for preparing the declaration of performance. When all the criteria of the assessment and verification of constancy of performance are met, including the certificate of conformity of the factory production control issued by the notified factory production control certification body, the manufacturer shall draw up a declaration of performance.

#### 5.2 Tasks for the notified factory production control certification body

5.2.1 Initial inspection of the manufacturing plant and of factory production control

The notified factory production control certification body shall verify the ability of the manufacturer for a continuous and orderly manufacturing of the Connector according to the European Technical Assessment. In particular the following items shall be appropriately considered.

- Personnel and equipment
- The suitability of the factory production control established by the manufacturer
- Full implementation of the control plan



# 5.2.2 Continuous surveillance, assessment and evaluation of factory production control

The notified factory production control certification body shall visit the factory at least once a year for routine inspection. In particular the following items shall be appropriately considered.

- The manufacturing process including personnel and equipment
- The factory production control
- The implementation of the control plan

The results of continuous surveillance shall be made available on demand by the notified factory production control certification body to Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik. When the provisions of the European Technical Assessment and the control plan are no longer fulfilled, the certificate of conformity of the factory production control shall be withdrawn.

Issued in Vienna on 17.01.2020 by Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik

The original document is signed by:

Rainer Mikulits

Managing Director



Hexagon socket countersunk head screw		
	M16	M20
Char. yield strength f <sub>y,k</sub>	640 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	640 N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Mean tensile strength f <sub>u,m</sub>	800 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	800 N/mm <sup>2</sup>
E-modulus	210 000 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	210 000 N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Nominal thread diameter d	16 mm	20 mm
Head diameter d <sub>k</sub>	30 mm	36 mm
Head thickness k	8.8 mm	10.16 mm
Pitch p	2.0 mm	2.5 mm
Length I	45 mm	45 mm
Hexagon socket width s	10 mm	12 mm
Threaded length b	38 mm	46 mm
Depth of internal drive t	4.8 mm	5.6 mm



Spider Connector	Annex 1
Fastener specification – countersunk screw	of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020

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Inclined washer VGU945		
Char. yield strength f <sub>y,k</sub> 235 N/mm <sup>2</sup>		
E-modulus	210 000 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	
Inner diameter d	9.7 mm	
Base width b	13.4 mm	
Width B	25.5 mm	
Base height h	3.0 mm	
Height H	23.0 mm	







Spider Connector	Annex 1
Fastener specification – inclined washer	of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020



Fully threaded VGS screws according to ETA-11/0030				
VGS9100 to VGS9520 VGS11100 to VGS1180				
Tensile strength of screws	1 000 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	1 000 N/mm²		
E-modulus	odulus 210 000 N/mm² 210 000 N/mm²			
Char. tensile strength ftens,k	ar. tensile strength f <sub>tens,k</sub> 25.4 kN 38.0 kN			
Torsional strength ftor,k	or,k 35.0 Nm 60.0 Nm			
Head diameter dk	16.00 mm	19.30 mm		
Outer thread diameter d <sub>1</sub> 9.00 mm 11.00 mm		11.00 mm		
Inner thread diameter $d_2$ 5.90 mm6.60 mm		6.60 mm		
Flange diameter $d_s$ 6.50 mm7.70 mm		7.70 mm		
Length L 100 to 520 mm 100 to 800 mm		100 to 800 mm		
Head thickness t <sub>1</sub>	6.50 mm	8.2 mm		

Nominal thickness of the CLT panel in mm*	Overall length of inclined fully threaded screws L in mm	Overall length of vertical fully threaded screws L in mm
160	200	100
180	240	100
200	280	100
220	280	120
240	320	120
280	360	140
320	400	160

\*For deviating nominal thicknesses the screw lengths for the next higher thickness shall be used for the vertical screws and the screw lengths for the next lower thickness shall be used for the inclined screws.



Spider Connector	Annex 1
Fastener specification – fully threaded screws	of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020

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ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020

plate



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SPIDER Connector	Annex 2
Product details: Steel cylinder and rectangular bottom plate for SPIDER Connector 60	of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020









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Steel cylinder and rectangular bottom plate for

**SPIDER Connector 80** 




































Connector 100









Connector 120

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 SPIDER Connector
 Annex 2

 Product details:
 of European Technical Assessment

 Steel cylinder and rectangular bottom plate for<br/>SPIDER Connector 120
 of European Technical Assessment













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PILLAR TOP PLATE RECTANGULAR





VARIATIONS		
CODE	WIDTH (Dtp)	THICKNESS (ttp)
PTP20020R	200	20
PTP24020R	240	20
PTP28020R	280	20
PTP20030R	200	30
PTP24030R	240	30
PTP28030R	280	30
PTP20040R	200	40
PTP24040R	240	40
PTP28040R	280	40

3D VIEW





Dimensions in mm

PILLAR Connector	Annex 2
Product details: Rectangular top plate for PILLAR Connector 60-80-100-120	of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020




















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 $D_{cyl} = 100 \text{ mm}$ 



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Compressive reinforcement in central position of European Technical Assessment  $D_{cyl} = 120 \text{ mm}$ ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020









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### Table A3.1: Description of forces F<sub>1,Ed</sub> to F<sub>6,Ed</sub>

Force	Description	Calculation and tolerances
$F_{1,Ed}$	Between top plate and top of the countersunk screw	Elasto-plastic calculation for all tolerance conditions
$F_{2,Ed}$	Between top plate and coupling disk	Elasto-plastic calculation for all tolerance conditions
$F_{3,Ed}$	Between coupling disk and steel cylinder	$F_3 = F_2$ for $\Delta h = 0$ mm and $\Delta h = -2$ mm Elasto-plastic calculation for $\Delta h = +2$ mm
$F_{4,Ed}$	Between top plate and arm	$F_4 = 0$ for $\Delta h = 0$ mm and $\Delta h = -2$ mm Elasto-plastic calculation for $\Delta h = +2$ mm
$F_{5,Ed}$	Between coupling disk and arm	$F_5$ = 0 for Δh = 0 mm and Δh = - 2 mm Elasto-plastic calculation for Δh = + 2 mm
$F_{6,Ed}$	Between arm and coupling cone	$F_6 = 0$ for $\Delta h = 0$ mm and $\Delta h = -2$ mm $F_6 = F_4 + F_5$ for $\Delta h = +2$ mm

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Definition of forces and their directions	of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020













	Table A4.1: Verification for the SPIDER Connector						
N⁰	Labelling	Load	Load-bearing capacity	Verification			
1	SPIDER Connector on timber element	$F_{SPIDER,Ed} = F_{slab,Ed}$	$F_{SPIDER,Rd} = k_{mod} \frac{F_{SPIDER,Rk}}{\gamma_{MC}}$ F_{SPIDER,Rk} see Table A4.5	$\frac{F_{SPIDER,Ed}}{F_{SPIDER,Rd}} \le 1,00$			
2	Compression of the cylinder	$N_{Ed} = F_{co,up,Ed} + k_{sus} \cdot F_{slab,Ed}$	$N_{b,Rd} = \frac{N_{b,Rk}}{\gamma_{M0}}$ $N_{b,Rk} \text{ see Table A4.7}$	$\frac{N_{Ed}}{N_{b,Rd}} \leq 1,00$			
3	Load transmission	$F_{lt,Ed} = F_{co,up,Ed}$	$F_{lt,Rd} = \frac{F_{lt,Rk}}{\gamma_{M0}}$ $F_{lt,Rk} \text{ see Table A4.8}$	$\frac{F_{lt,Ed}}{F_{lt,Rd}} \leq 1,00$			
4	Bottom plate on timber element	$F_{bp,Ed} = F_{co,up,Ed} + k_{sus} \cdot F_{slab,Ed}$	$F_{bp,Rd} = k_{steel} \frac{f_{yk}}{\gamma_{M0}} \text{ in } [kN]$ for $f_{yk}$ in $[N/mm^2]$ $k_{steel}$ see Table A4.10	$\frac{F_{bp,Ed}}{F_{bp,Rd}} \le 1,00$			
5	Top plate under timber element	$F_{\iota p, Ed} = F_{co, \iota p, Ed}$	$F_{tp,Rd} = k_{steel} \frac{f_{yk}}{\gamma_{M0}} \text{ in } [kN]$ for $f_{yk}$ in $[N/mm^2]$ $k_{steel}$ see Table A4.10	$\frac{F_{tp,Ed}}{F_{tp,Rd}} \le 1,00$			
6	Face side of lower timber element	$F_{iimber,down,Ed} = F_{co,down,Ed}$	$F_{timber,down,Rd} = k_{timber} f_{c,0,d} \text{ in } [kN]$ for $f_{c,0,d} = k_{mod} \frac{f_{c,0,k}}{\gamma_M} \text{ in } \left[\frac{N}{mm^2}\right]$ $k_{timber}$ see Table A4.11	$\frac{F_{co,down,Ed}}{F_{timber,Rd}} \le 1,00$			
7	Face side of the upper timber element	$F_{timber,up,Ed} = F_{co,up,Ed}$	$F_{timber,up,Rd} = k_{timber} f_{c,0,d} \text{ in } [kN]$ for $f_{c,0,d} = k_{mod} \frac{f_{c,0,k}}{\gamma_M} \text{ in } \left[\frac{N}{mm^2}\right]$ $k_{timber}$ see Table A4.11	$\frac{F_{timber,up,Ed}}{F_{timber,up,Rd}} \le 1,00$			

Spider Connector	Annex 4
Design considerations and characteristic load bearing capacities	of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020



	Table A4.2:Verification for the PILLAR Connector							
Nº	Labelling	Load	Load-bearing capacity	Verification				
1	PILLAR Connector on timber element	$F_{PILLAR,Ed} = F_{slab,Ed}$	$F_{PILLAR,Rd} = k_{mod} \frac{F_{PILLAR,Rk}}{\gamma_{M}}$ F <sub>PILLAR,Rk</sub> see Table A4.6	$\frac{F_{PILLAR,Ed}}{F_{PILLAR,Rd}} \le 1,00$				
2	Compression of the reduced cylinder	$N_{Ed} = F_{co,up,Ed}$	$N_{b,Rd} = rac{N_{b,Rk}}{\gamma_{M0}}$ $N_{b,Rk}$ see Table A4.7	$\frac{N_{Ed}}{N_{b,Rd}} \leq 1,00$				
3	Load transmission	$F_{lt,PIL,Ed} = F_{co,up,Ed}$	$F_{lt,PIL,Rd} = \frac{F_{lt,PIL,Rk}}{\gamma_{M0}}$ $F_{lt,PIL,Rk} \text{ see Table A4.9}$	$\frac{F_{ll,PIL,Ed}}{F_{ll,PIL,Rd}} \leq 1,00$				
4	Bottom plate on timber beam	$F_{bp,Ed} = F_{co,up,Ed}$	$F_{bp,Rd} = k_{steel} \frac{f_{yk}}{\gamma_{M0}} \text{ in } [kN]$ for $f_{yk}$ in $[N/mm^2]$ $k_{steel}$ see Table A4.10	$\frac{F_{bp,Ed}}{F_{bp,Rd}} \leq 1,00$				
5	Top plate under timber beam	$F_{tp,Ed} = F_{co,up,Ed}$	$F_{tp,Rd} = k_{steel} \frac{f_{yk}}{\gamma_{M0}} \text{ in } [kN]$ for $f_{yk}$ in $[N/mm^2]$ $k_{steel}$ see Table A4.10	$\frac{F_{tp,Ed}}{F_{tp,Rd}} \le 1,00$				
6	Face side of lower timber beam	$F_{timber,down,Ed} = F_{co,down,Ed}$	$F_{timber,down,Rd} = k_{timber} f_{c,0,d} \text{ in } [kN]$ for $f_{c,0,d} = k_{mod} \frac{f_{c,0,k}}{\gamma_M} \text{ in } \left[\frac{N}{mm^2}\right]$ $k_{timber}$ see Table A4.11	$\frac{F_{co,down,Ed}}{F_{timber,Rd}} \leq 1,00$				
7	Face side of the upper timber beam	$F_{timber,up,Ed} = F_{co,up,Ed}$	$F_{timber,up,Rd} = k_{timber} f_{c,0,d} \text{ in } [kN]$ for $f_{c,0,d} = k_{mod} \frac{f_{c,0,k}}{\gamma_M} \text{ in } \left[\frac{N}{mm^2}\right]$ $k_{timber}$ see Table A4.11	$\frac{F_{timber,up,Ed}}{F_{timber,up,Rd}} \le 1,00$				
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- $D_{tp}$  ... Diameter or width/length of the top plate
- D<sub>head</sub> ... Outer diameter of the upper part of the countersunk drilling of the coupling disk
- $t_{tp}$  ... Thickness of the top plate
- $t_{cd}$  ... Thickness of the coupling disk
- D<sub>in</sub> ... Inner diameter of the ISO metric fine thread on the upper part of the steel cylinder
- Dex Diameter of the ISO 2904 thread on the steel cylinder
- L<sub>cr,cyl</sub> ... (Buckling) length of the cylinder (from the bottom plate to the coupling cone)
- D<sub>cyl</sub> ... Outer diameter of the cylinder
- a ... Nominal length of the weld
- D<sub>bp</sub> ... Diameter or width/length of the bottom plate
- $t_{bp}$  ... Thickness of the bottom plate

Spider Connector	Annex 4
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## Table A4.3: Values for suspension factor k<sub>sus</sub>

	Ksus				
Installation	flat slab	crosswise assembly			
without reinforcement	0.70	0.46			
with reinforcement	0.60	0.36			

### Table A4.4: Characteristic yield strength of the bottom plate or top plate

Steel grade	f <sub>yk</sub> [N/mm²]
S235J0	235
S355J0	355
S460Q	460
S690Q	690

### Table A4.5: Characteristic load-bearing capacity of the SPIDER Connector on the crosslaminated timber element

Nominal	FSPIDER,Rk [KN]				
CLT panel in mm <sup>2)</sup>	without reinforcement	with reinforcement			
160	419	463			
180	494	545			
200	568	627			
220	642	709			
240	717	791			
2x160 <sup>1)</sup>	558	616			

<sup>1)</sup> Crosswise assembled CLT

<sup>2)</sup> For deviating nominal thicknesses the values for the next lower thickness shall be used.

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		FPILLAR, Rk [kN] without reinforcement										
	CENTRAL					EDGE			CORNER			
D <sub>cyl</sub> / D <sub>bp</sub>	CL	T 5I	CL	Γ 7Ι	CL	T 5I	CL	T 7I	CL	T 5I	CL	T 7I
	0		0		0		0		0		0	
120/240	140	183	179	235	61	80	75	99	26	34	30	40
120/280	216	270	278	346	95	118	116	145	40	50	47	59
100/240	159	203	204	260	70	89	85	109	30	38	35	44
100/280	236	289	302	370	103	127	127	155	44	54	51	63
80/200	110	141	142	180	48	62	59	76	21	26	24	31
80/240	175	219	225	281	77	96	94	118	33	41	38	48
80/280	252	305	323	391	110	134	135	164	47	57	55	66
60/200	124	154	159	197	54	68	66	83	23	29	27	33
60/240	188	232	242	298	83	102	101	125	35	43	41	50
60/280	265	318	340	408	116	140	142	171	49	59	58	69

### Table A4.6: Characteristic load-bearing capacity of the PILLAR Connector on the crosslaminated timber element



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	F <sub>PILLAR,Rk</sub> [kN] with reinforcement								
				CEN	ITRAL				
D <sub>cyl</sub> / D <sub>bp</sub>	VGS 9 CLT 51	9x100 160 mm	VGS 9x100 CLT 5I 180 mm		VGS 9x100 CLT 7I 200 mm		VGS 9x120 CLT 7I 240 mm		
	0		0		0		0		
120/240	205	242	225	264	245	286	288	333	
120/280	263	306	285	330	308	354	356	406	
100/240	215	253	235	274	255	297	299	343	
100/280	273	316	295	340	318	365	366	416	
80/200	172	200	189	219	207	239	246	280	
80/240	224	261	243	283	264	305	307	352	
80/280	282	325	304	349	327	373	375	425	
60/200	179	207	196	226	214	246	253	288	
60/240	231	268	251	290	271	312	314	359	
60/280	289	332	311	356	334	380	382	432	

	FPILLAR, Rk [kN] with reinforcement										
				EDGE							
D <sub>cyl</sub> / D <sub>bp</sub>	VGS CLT 5I	9x100 160 mm	VGS 9x100 CLT 5I 180 mm		VGS 9x100 CLT 7I 200 mm		VGS 9x120 CLT 7I 240 mm				
	0		0		0		0				
120/240	102	121	112	132	123	143	144	167			
120/280	132	153	143	165	154	177	178	203			
100/240	108	126	117	137	128	148	149	172			
100/280	137	158	148	170	159	182	183	208			
80/200	86	100	95	109	104	119	123	140			
80/240	112	131	122	141	132	153	154	176			
80/280	141	162	152	174	163	187	187	212			
60/200	89	103	98	113	107	123	127	144			
60/240	115	134	125	145	136	156	157	180			
60/280	145	166	156	178	167	190	191	216			

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	F <sub>PILLAR,Rk</sub> [kN] with reinforcement								
				COF	RNER				
D <sub>cyl</sub> / D <sub>bp</sub>	VGS 9 CLT 51	VGS 9x100 CLT 5I 160 mm		VGS 9x100 CLT 5I 180 mm		VGS 9x100 CLT 7I 200 mm		VGS 9x120 CLT 7I 240 mm	
	0		0		0		0		
120/240	43	51	45	53	51	61	56	65	
120/280	66	76	69	79	77	89	85	96	
100/240	47	55	49	57	56	65	60	69	
100/280	68	79	72	82	80	91	89	101	
80/200	37	43	40	45	45	52	49	56	
80/240	50	58	52	60	59	69	63	73	
80/280	71	81	75	85	82	93	93	104	
60/200	40	46	42	48	48	55	52	59	
60/240	52	60	54	62	62	71	66	76	
60/280	72	83	78	88	83	95	95	107	

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# Table A4.7: Characteristic compressive load-bearing capacity of the cylinder of the SPIDER Connector and PILLAR Connector

Nominal thickness		N <sub>b,Rk</sub> [kN] fo	or S235J0		N <sub>b,Rk</sub> [kN] for S355J0			
of the CLT		No	ominal diam	neter of the	e cylinder	[mm]		
mm *	60	80	100	120	60	80	100	120
160	608	1081	1689	2205	947	1684	2474	3336
180	608	1081	1689	2205	947	1684	2474	3336
200	608	1081	1689	2205	947	1684	2474	3336
220	608	1081	1689	2205	947	1684	2474	3336
240	608	1081	1689	2205	940	1684	2474	3336
280	608	1081	1689	2205	923	1684	2474	3336
320	600	1081	1689	2205	907	1673	2474	3336
Nominal thickness		N <sub>b,Rk</sub> [kN] f	or 1.6582		N	<sub>p,Rk</sub> [kN]	for 1.7225	5
of the CLT		No	ominal diam	neter of the	e cylinder	[mm]		
mm *	60 80 100 120				60	80	100	120
160	2230	4021	6283	7917	1833	3267	5105	6220
180	2200	4021	6283	7917	1811	3267	5105	6220
200	2170	4000	6283	7917	1789	3267	5105	6220
220	2139	3960	6283	7917	1767	3255	5105	6220
240	2109	3920	6283	7917	1744	3226	5105	6220
280	2047	3840	6184	7917	1700	3167	5084	6220
320	1984	3759	6084	7898	1655	3108	5010	6220
Nominal thickness		N <sub>b,Rk</sub> [kN] f	or S460Q		Nt	o,Rk <b>[kN]</b>	for S690C	2
of the CLT		No	ominal diam	neter of the	e cylinder	[mm]		
mm *	60	80	100	120	60	80	100	120
160	1244	2212	3456	4524	1833	3267	5105	7125
180	1244	2212	3456	4524	1811	3267	5105	7125
200	1239	2212	3456	4524	1789	3267	5105	7125
220	1227	2212	3456	4524	1767	3255	5105	7125
240	1215	2212	3456	4524	1744	3226	5105	7125
280	1190	2196	3456	4524	1700	3167	5084	7125
320	1165	2163	3456	4524	1655	3108	5010	7125

\* For deviating nominal thicknesses the values for the next higher thickness shall be used.

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## Table A4.8: Characteristic load-bearing capacity in transmission of the SPIDER Connector

Steel grade		F <sub>3,cd,</sub>	Rk <b>[kN]</b>		F <sub>2,tp,Rk</sub> [kN]				
of the coupling disk			Nominal	diameter o	of the cylinder [mm]				
or top plate	60	80	100	120	60	80	100	120	
S235J0	465	930	1515	2275	1357	2118	2924	3979	
S355J0	703	1405	2289	3437	2050	3199	4416	6011	
S460Q	910	1821	2965	4454	2657	4145	5723	7789	
S690Q	1366	2731	4448	6681	3985	6218	8584	11684	
1.6582	1781	3563	5802	8714	5198	8110	11197	15240	
1.7225	1484	2969	4835	7262	4331	6758	9331	12700	
Steel grade		F <sub>3,cyl,</sub>	<sub>Rk</sub> [kN]						
of the	Nominal o	liameter o	of the cylind	ler in mm					
cylinder	60	80	100	120					
S235J0	426	851	1386	1888					
S355J0	663	1326	2031	2856					
S460Q	871	1742	2836	3873					
S690Q	1286	2573	4190	6100					
1.6582	1583	3167	5157	6778					
1.7225	1286 2573 4190 5325								
F <sub>3,cd,Rk</sub> Characteristic load-bearing capacity of transmission through the coupling disk									
F <sub>2,tp,Rk</sub> Characteristic load-bearing capacity of transmission through the top plate									
F <sub>3,cyl,Rk</sub> Characteristic load-bearing capacity of transmission through the steel cylinder									
$F_{tt,Rk} = min(F_{3,cd,Rk}; F_{2,tp,Rk}; F_{3,cyl,Rk})$									

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### F3,PIL,cd,Rk [kN] F2,PIL,tp,Rk [kN] Steel grade of the Nominal diameter of the cylinder [mm] coupling disk or top plate S235J0 S355J0 S460Q S690Q 1.6582 1.7225 F3,PIL,cyl,Rk [kN] Steel grade of the Nominal diameter of the cylinder in mm cylinder S235J0 S355J0 S460Q S690Q 1.6582 1.7225 Characteristic load-bearing capacity of transmission through the coupling disk $\mathsf{F}_{3,\mathsf{PIL},\mathsf{cd},\mathsf{Rk}} \ldots$ Characteristic load-bearing capacity of transmission through the top plate $F_{2,\mathsf{PIL},tp,\mathsf{Rk}} \ \cdots$ Characteristic load-bearing capacity of transmission through the steel cylinder $F_{3,\text{PIL},\text{cyl},\text{Rk}}\ \dots$ $F_{It,PIL,Rk} = min(F_{3,PIL,cd,Rk}; F_{2,PIL,tp,Rk}; F_{3,PIL,cyI,Rk})$

### Table A4.9: Characteristic load-bearing capacity in transmission of the PILLAR Connector

Spider Connector	Annex 4				
Design considerations and characteristic load bearing capacities	of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020				



### Dcyl Dp C24 GL24c GL24h ETA-14/0354 tp R С С R С R R С [mm] [mm] [mm] 1.272 1.399 1.388 20 60 200 1.269 1.269 1.269 1.269 1.271 30 60 200 1.943 1.942 1.991 1.944 1.991 2.037 2.068 1.989 40 60 200 2.615 2.736 2.616 2.736 2.616 2.735 2.688 2.785 20 60 240 1.253 1.237 1.253 1.237 1.257 1.242 1.392 1.377 30 240 2.000 1.988 60 1.875 1.874 1.877 1.880 1.878 1.878 40 240 2.535 2.594 2.610 60 2.494 2.534 2.493 2.535 2.495 1.235 1.258 1.241 1.394 1.379 20 60 280 1.255 1.254 1.235 30 60 280 1.835 1.821 1.835 1.821 1.841 1.827 1.976 1.955 40 280 2.429 2.429 2.410 2.432 2.528 2.530 60 2.407 2.407 20 80 200 1.763 1.778 1.763 1.778 1.765 1.780 1.957 1.949 30 80 200 2.741 2.863 2.741 2.863 2.744 2.865 2.899 2.977 40 80 200 3.767 3.999 3.765 3.997 3.769 4.005 3.867 4.069 20 240 1.679 1.891 80 1.701 1.672 1.702 1.673 1.707 1.919 2.728 2.749 30 80 240 2.537 2.577 2.536 2.572 2.542 2.579 3.630 3.723 40 80 240 3.463 3.613 3.464 3.615 3.469 3.615 20 280 1.895 1.879 80 1.670 1.656 1.671 1.656 1.678 1.667 80 2.469 2.466 2.472 2.700 2.670 30 280 2.469 2.452 2.476 3.382 3.520 3.543 40 80 280 3.323 3.374 3.325 3.375 3.330 20 2.446 2.627 2.651 100 200 2.346 2.441 2.348 2.441 2.353 4.058 4.201 30 100 200 3.704 4.063 3.704 4.059 3.709 3.924 5.710 40 100 200 5.130 5.632 5.128 5.636 5.137 5.639 5.273 2.185 20 100 240 2.188 2.186 2.187 2.195 2.196 2.477 2.448 30 100 240 3.327 3.420 3.329 3.418 3.334 3.426 3.620 3.650 40 100 240 4.577 4.875 4.814 5.016 4.576 4.867 4.871 4.581 2.163 2.142 20 100 280 2.163 2.129 2.129 2.176 2.481 2.456 30 100 280 3.186 3.173 3.189 3.170 3.198 3.177 3.520 3.469 40 100 280 4.278 4.409 4.273 4.408 4.283 4.412 4.560 4.639 20 120 200 3.508 3.510 3.118 3.506 3.486 3.743 3.117 3.115 30 120 200 5.005 5.785 5.012 5.779 5.012 5.777 5.298 5.926 7.752 7.002 7.843 40 120 200 6.867 7.763 6.867 7.772 6.876 20 120 240 2.840 3.164 3.155 2.759 2.832 2.759 2.833 2.772 4.805 30 120 4.234 4.621 240 4.229 4.540 4.230 4.541 4.546 40 120 240 5.799 6.441 5.801 6.437 5.807 6.441 6.081 6.616 2.674 20 120 280 2.673 2.652 2.672 2.670 2.689 3.095 3.095 120 280 3.970 4.018 4.445 4.397 30 4.017 3.969 4.017 3.986 40 5.651 5.762 5.918 120 280 5.381 5.637 5.379 5.636 5.391 Thickness of the top plate or bottom plate t<sub>p</sub> ... D<sub>cyl</sub> ... Nominal diameter of the steel cylinder Diameter or length and width of the top plate or bottom plate $D_p \dots$ R ... Rectangular shape of the top plate or bottom plate С... Circular shape of the top plate or bottom plate **Spider Connector** Annex 4

### Table A4.10 part 1: Factor k<sub>steel</sub> for different shapes of bottom or top plate and wooden members

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tp	D <sub>cyl</sub>	Dp	GL	28c	GL28h		GL32c		GL32h	
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	R	С	R	С	R	С	R	С
20	60	200	1.266	1.263	1.297	1.291	1.291	1.290	1.324	1.318
30	60	200	1.937	1.986	1.959	2.002	1.958	2.002	1.979	2.021
40	60	200	2.613	2.732	2.628	2.742	2.625	2.741	2.645	2.751
20	60	240	1.246	1.230	1.280	1.266	1.278	1.263	1.312	1.300
30	60	240	1.867	1.872	1.897	1.897	1.896	1.896	1.927	1.921
40	60	240	2.490	2.530	2.511	2.548	2.510	2.547	2.535	2.562
20	60	280	1.247	1.228	1.283	1.268	1.280	1.265	1.316	1.302
30	60	280	1.827	1.816	1.865	1.851	1.863	1.847	1.897	1.888
40	60	280	2.401	2.424	2.430	2.448	2.429	2.447	2.457	2.473
20	80	200	1.750	1.769	1.796	1.808	1.794	1.806	1.840	1.846
30	80	200	2.732	2.856	2.770	2.883	2.765	2.876	2.801	2.908
40	80	200	3.761	3.997	3.785	4.007	3.782	4.011	3.806	4.019
20	80	240	1.689	1.663	1.744	1.718	1.741	1.713	1.794	1.770
30	80	240	2.527	2.565	2.573	2.603	2.570	2.603	2.615	2.646
40	80	240	3.455	3.606	3.493	3.630	3.493	3.630	3.530	3.655
20	80	280	1.660	1.647	1.717	1.708	1.713	1.705	1.771	1.762
30	80	280	2.459	2.456	2.516	2.509	2.513	2.506	2.575	2.552
40	80	280	3.315	3.370	3.363	3.411	3.360	3.404	3.406	3.449
20	100	200	2.332	2.432	2.399	2.472	2.394	2.469	2.460	2.516
30	100	200	3.692	4.049	3.744	4.081	3.739	4.077	3.788	4.108
40	100	200	5.124	5.631	5.155	5.651	5.153	5.638	5.186	5.658
20	100	240	2.171	2.173	2.243	2.241	2.238	2.222	2.310	2.305
30	100	240	3.309	3.418	3.385	3.469	3.379	3.465	3.446	3.517
40	100	240	4.565	4.864	4.622	4.896	4.619	4.889	4.674	4.928
20	100	280	2.149	2.116	2.234	2.199	2.228	2.196	2.308	2.280
30	100	280	3.171	3.155	3.255	3.230	3.255	3.225	3.337	3.299
40	100	280	4.257	4.401	4.331	4.453	4.325	4.450	4.396	4.504
20	120	200	3.093	3.494	3.181	3.547	3.176	3.549	3.264	3.600
30	120	200	4.989	5.766	5.063	5.797	5.056	5.795	5.125	5.827
40	120	200	6.865	7.769	6.896	7.767	6.895	7.786	6.924	7.779
20	120	240	2.741	2.814	2.840	2.897	2.834	2.892	2.933	2.975
30	120	240	4.214	4.529	4.301	4.584	4.298	4.589	4.387	4.642
40	120	240	5.787	6.431	5.852	6.474	5.850	6.465	5.910	6.512
20	120	280	2.654	2.630	2.762	2.752	2.755	2.744	2.863	2.871
30	120	280	3.950	3.997	4.069	4.091	4.059	4.087	4.178	4.182
40	120	280	5.361	5.628	5.450	5.697	5.448	5.694	5.539	5.754
t <sub>p</sub>	Thickne	ss of the	top plate o	r bottom pla	ate					
D <sub>cyl</sub>	Nomina	Nominal diameter of the steel cylinder								
D	Diameter or length and width of the top plate or bottom plate									
R	Rectand	Rectangular shape of the top plate or bottom plate								
· · · · ·	Circular shape of the top plate or bottom plate									
U	Circular	snape of	the top pla		in plate					

# Table A4.10 part 2: Factor k<sub>steel</sub> for different shapes of bottom or top plate and wooden members

Spider Connector	Annex 4
Design considerations and characteristic load bearing capacities	of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020



### Concrete C25/30 Total stiff foundation Dcvl Dp tp R С R С [mm] [mm] [mm] 60 200 2.156 1.994 3.293 3.287 20 30 60 200 2.597 2.556 3.746 3.736 40 200 3.152 4.456 4.436 60 3.157 20 60 240 2.175 1.974 3.315 3.310 30 60 240 2.664 2.564 3.773 3.768 40 60 240 3.189 3.117 4.497 4.486 20 280 1.990 60 2.151 3.328 3.325 30 60 280 2.566 2.553 3.791 3.786 40 60 280 3.107 3.135 4.521 4.513 20 80 200 3.104 2.913 5.467 5.443 200 3.820 3.715 5.797 5.774 30 80 40 80 200 4.523 4.540 6.385 6.345 20 80 240 3.097 2.860 5.524 5.510 240 30 80 3.816 3.678 5.867 5.849 40 80 240 4.492 4.427 6.474 6.453 20 80 280 3.072 2.849 5.559 5.549 30 80 280 3.931 3.668 5.909 5.896 40 80 280 4.472 4.395 6.528 6.511 20 100 200 4.314 3.974 8.151 8.111 5.329 30 100 200 5.142 8.314 8.366 40 100 200 6.193 6.308 8.808 8.732 20 4.327 8.268 8.239 100 240 3.897 30 100 240 5.346 4.932 8.506 8.467 40 100 240 6.248 5.983 8.989 8.946 20 100 280 4.331 3.885 8.340 8.319 100 280 30 5.181 4.898 8.591 8.563 40 100 280 6.041 5.863 9.090 9.060 11.267 20 120 200 5.924 5.347 11.338 30 120 200 7.175 6.963 11.377 11.286 40 120 200 7.952 8.478 11.651 11.512 20 120 240 5.519 5.151 11.536 11.485 30 120 240 6.697 6.451 11.622 11.559 120 7.904 7.812 11.963 11.882 40 240 5.579 20 120 280 5.066 11.663 11.624 30 120 280 6.729 6.315 11.776 11.729 7.756 12.085 40 120 280 7.518 12.140 Thickness of the top plate or bottom plate t<sub>p</sub> ... Nominal diameter of the steel cylinder D<sub>cyl</sub> ... Diameter or length and width of the top plate or bottom plate D<sub>p</sub> ... R ... Rectangular shape of the top plate or bottom plate Circular shape of the top plate or bottom plate С... **Spider Connector** Annex 4

### Table A4.10 part 3: Factor k<sub>steel</sub> for different shapes of bottom or top plate for other members

of European Technical Assessment

ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020

Design considerations and characteristic load

bearing capacities



tp	D <sub>cyl</sub>	Dp	R		С	
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	ETA-14/0354	Other wood	ETA-14/0354	Other wood
20	60	200	22.698	28.353	22.698	28.353
30	60	200	36.285	39.194	31.416	31.416
40	60	200	39.992	40.000	31.416	31.416
20	60	240	22.698	28.353	22.698	28.353
30	60	240	39.761	49.337	39.761	45.239
40	60	240	53.766	57.215	45.239	45.239
20	60	280	22.698	28.353	22.698	28.353
30	60	280	39.761	51.071	39.761	51.071
40	60	280	61.575	72.053	61.575	61.575
20	80	200	28.353	33.778	28.353	31.416
30	80	200	38.484	39.938	31.416	31.416
40	80	200	40.000	40.000	31.416	31.416
20	80	240	28.353	34.636	28.353	34.636
30	80	240	46.815	53.046	45.239	45.239
40	80	240	55.971	57.600	45.239	45.239
20	80	280	28.353	34.636	28.353	34.636
30	80	280	47.144	59.396	47.144	59.396
40	80	280	67.794	75.068	61.575	61.575
20	100	200	33.778	36.942	31.416	31.416
30	100	200	39.674	40.000	31.416	31.416
40	100	200	40.000	40.000	31.416	31.416
20	100	240	34.636	41.548	34.636	41.548
30	100	240	51.372	55.515	45.239	45.239
40	100	240	57.215	57.600	45.239	45.239
20	100	280	34.636	41.548	34.636	41.548
30	100	280	55.155	66.482	55.155	61.575
40	100	280	72.053	77.059	61.575	61.575
20	120	200	36.942	38.869	31.416	31.416
30	120	200	40.000	40.000	31.416	31.416
40	120	200	40.000	40.000	31.416	31.416
20	120	240	41.548	48.150	41.548	45.239
30	120	240	54.415	56.988	45.239	45.239
40	120	240	57.600	57.600	45.239	45.239
20	120	280	41.548	49.087	41.548	49.087
30	120	280	63.439	71.118	61.575	61.575
40	120	280	75.068	78.141	61.575	61.575
p •••	Thickness of the	top plate or bot	tom plate			
D <sub>cyl</sub>	Nominal diameter of the cylinder					
D <sub>p</sub>	Diameter respectively length and width of the top plate or bottom plate					
۲	Rectangular shape of the top plate or bottom plate					
C	Circular shape of the top plate or bottom plate					
Other wood	C24, GL24c, GL24h, GL28c, GL28h, GL32c and GL32h					
_	. ,-					

Design considerations and characteristic load

bearing capacities

of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020



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ETA-14/0354, European Technical Assessment of 11.07.2018 for "Träger BauBuche GL75, Beam BauBuche GL75, Poutre BauBuche GL75, Trave BauBuche GL75, Viga BauBuche GL75, Belka BauBuche GL75, Draagbalk BauBuche GL75" of Pollmeier Furnierwerkstoffe GmbH, Pferdsdorfer Weg 6, 99831 Creuzburg, Germany.

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ISO 2904 (12.1983), ISO metric trapezoidal screw threads – Basic dimensions

Spider Connector	Annex 5		
Reference documents	of European Technical Assessment ETA-19/0700 of 17.01.2020		

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